New Perspectives on School Finance and Budgeting

Heather Hamilton

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING TOWN/SCHOOL BUDGET PARTNERSHIP MAY 16, 1995

The Town Administrator and Superintendent of Schools jointly recommend to the Board of Selectmen and School Committee the adoption of revised guidelines for allocating budgetary surpluses/deficits for FY97 and beyond. The revisions are the result of many meetings during the past several weeks overseen by a Selectmen's Committee of:

Thomas Hennessey, Chair of Board of Selectmen Isabella Hinds, Chair of the School Committee John Hodgman, School Committee Member Betsy DeWitt, Chair of the Advisory Committee Sergio Modigliani, Advisory Committee Member John Deeley, Advisory Committee Member Harvey Beth, Director of Finance James Walsh, Superintendent of Schools Peter Rowe, Asst. Supt. of Administration & Finance Richard Kelliher, Town Administrator Brian F. Sullivan, Deputy Town Administrator

The objectives of the Committee were to devise guidelines that are equitable, understandable and based upon cost allocation to the fullest extent possible. As a result, guidelines for "splitting" future surplus/deficits have been developed which accomplish the following:

- Allocates surpluses or deficits 50%/50% between Town and Schools, after deducting fixed costs from available revenues. Any future override funding is separate and distinct from this agreement and shall not affect the amount of funding to be allocated under this agreement.
- Simplifies the definition of fixed costs by reducing the number of fixed cost variables to only seven categories: (i) enterprise type operations e.g. water/sewer, refuse; (ii) SPED Tuition, plus one half all other SPED costs; (iii) student enrollments (based on formula); (iv) reserve funds (v) programs generating new revenue; (vi) debt and interest; and (vii) tax funded capital. Items such as step adjustments, election costs, retirement administration will no longer be characterized as "fixed costs". The above fixed cost items (i through vii) shall be as customarily defined in the Financial Plan and as described on pages I-9 through I-15 of the FY96 Financial Plan.

- Allocates other shared costs in proportion to actual experience each year. Such allocated costs shall include building, general services, information services, general insurance and personnel benefits.
- Requires the Schools and Town to be totally responsible for absorbing all respective personnel costs. Collective bargaining agreements, steps, fringe benefits, etc., will be allocated and will no longer be considered "fixed costs".

A few formulaic factors need to be defined in the upcoming weeks. For example, the method of calculating cost due to student enrollment growth from year to year needs to be finalized. However, these factors are expected to be resolved without much difficulty.

The cumulative effects of the changes on the FY97 budget are minimal. Despite moving from a 2/3 - 1/3 formula to a 50%-50% formula, there will be only a minor shift of resources from school to town budgets.

We believe that a formula based method of carrying out the Town/School Budget Partnership is in the best interests of the entire community. While it is recognized that this formula will need to be revisited at intervals in the case of unanticipated state mandates or extraordinary circumstances, we believe that this agreement provides year to year stability and facilitates long range planning.

We also believe that the Town/School Budget Partnership provides a collaborative planning framework in which the Town Administrator, Superintendent of Schools, and representatives of the Board of Selectmen and School Committee can jointly identify and develop planning agendas. By meeting periodically throughout each year, the above mentioned participants will both review progress toward mutually agreed upon goals and try to anticipate and plan for changes that arise externally, such as Federal and State legislation or demographics changes, technological advances, and economic downturns.

We have many challenges ahead. By working together we believe we can best meet these challenges.

Richard J. Kelliher

Town Administrator

James F. Walsh Superintendent of Schools

This document

- Uncertainty about revenue and budget
- Gives predictability
- Forces a financial dialogue between the town and the schools (at least 2x a year, prior to Town Meetings)
- It's really about getting the right people in the room to hammer out the details
- 2 Select Board, 2 School Committee, 2 Finance Committee, Superintendent, Deputy Superintendent, Town Administrator, Deputy Town Administrator

FY2020 TOWN/SCHOOL ALLOCATIONS - CHANGES			12-Nov-19	
	TOTAL	TOWN	SCHOOL	
PROPERTY TAXES	\$14,468,272	\$7,234,136	\$7,234,136	
LOCAL RECEIPTS STATE AID	\$164,783 \$195,067	\$82,391 \$97,533	\$82,391 \$97,533	
FREE CASH	\$564,971	\$282,486	\$282,486	
OTHER AVAILABLE FUNDS				
	(\$1,683,948)	(\$733,948)	(\$950,000)	
Parking Meter Receipts	(\$1,900,000) \$0	(\$950,000) \$0	(\$950,000) \$0	
Walnut Hill Cemetery Fund Chapter 90	\$0	\$0	\$0 \$0	
Overlay Reserve Surplus	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Capital Project Surplus	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Sale of Town-owned Land Fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	
State Aid for Libraries	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Golf Enterprise Fund Overhead Reimbursement	\$92,670	\$92,670	\$0	
Recreation Revolving Fund Overhead Reimbursement	\$119,478	\$119,478	\$0	
Water and Sewer Enterprise Fund Overhead Reimbursement	\$3,904	\$3,904	\$0	
TOTAL REVENUE	\$13,709,144	\$6,962,598	\$6,746,546	
KED COSTS				
GOLF ENTERPRISE FUND OVERHEAD	\$92,670	\$92,670	\$0	
REC REVOLVING FUND OVERHEAD	\$119,478	\$119,478	\$0	
WATER & SEWER OVERHEAD	\$3,904	\$3,904	\$0	
REFUSE	\$285,960	\$142,980	\$142,980	
RESERVE FUND (0.75% of Prior Yr Net Rev)	\$106,468	\$53,234	\$53,234	
DEBT (non Enterprise Fund)	\$3,303,467	\$1,651,734	\$1,651,734	
CIP / SPECIAL APPROPRIATIONS / FREE CASH-SUPPORTED	(\$1,362,456)	(\$681,228)	(\$681,228)	
Tax-Financed CIP	(\$27,428)	(\$13,714)	(\$13,714)	
Sale of Town-owned Land Fund CIP	(427,720)	\$0	\$0	
Parking Meter \$ for CIP	(\$1,900,000)	(\$950,000)	(\$950,000)	
Overlay Surplus CIP	(91,500,000)	\$950,000)	\$950,000)	
Capital Project Surplus CIP	\$0	\$0	\$0	
			\$370,995	
Free Cash-Financed CIP	\$741,990	\$370,995		
Misc. (from "Special Use" category of Free Cash)	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Budget Reserve (0.25% of Prior Yr Net Rev) (Free Cash)	\$35,156	\$17,578	\$17,578	
Stabilization Fund (Free Cash)	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Worker's Compensation TF (Free Cash)	\$200,000	\$100,000	\$100,000	
Public Safety IOD Medical Expenses TF (Free Cash)		\$0	\$0	
OPEB's (Free Cash)	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Pensions (Free Cash)	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Unemployment (Free Cash)	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Liability / Catastrophe Fund (Free Cash)	(\$67,062)	(\$33,531)	(\$33,531)	
Affordable Housing TF (Free Cash)	(\$345,112)	(\$172,556)	(\$172,556)	
Vocational Technical School	\$0	\$0	\$0	
SPEC ED TUITION	\$360,000	\$180,000	\$180,000	
OTHER SPEC ED	\$440,000	\$110,000	\$330,000	
ENROLLMENT GROWTH	\$1,081,680	\$540,840	\$540,840	
NON-APPROP TOTAL FIXED COSTS	(\$152,334) \$4,278,837	(\$76,167) \$2,137,444	(\$76,167) \$2,141,393	
TOTAL PIXED COSTS	\$4,270,037	\$2,137,444	\$2,141,373	
LOCATED FIXED COSTS				
PERSONNEL BENEFITS	\$3,060,677	\$1,881,245	\$1,150,112	
UTILITIES & MISC BLDG EXP's	\$319,562	\$58,856	\$260,706	
INFO TECHNOLOGY / FINANCE APPLICATIONS	\$11,905	\$5,953	\$5,953	
PAYROLL DIVISION	\$1,683	\$842	\$842	
UNCLASSIFIED (AUDIT & GENERAL INSURANCE)	\$92,122	\$46,061	\$46,061	
GENERAL SERVICES (POSTAGE & TELEPHONES)	(\$1,000)	(\$500)	(\$500)	
TOTAL ALLOCATED FIXED COSTS	\$3,484,949	\$1,992,456	\$1,463,173	
TAL COST INCREASE	\$7,763,786	\$4,129,900	\$3,604,566	
T SURPLUS BEFORE COLL BARG & STEPS	\$5,945,359	\$2,832,698	\$3,141,980	
HOOL ALLOCATION				
School's Share of Net Surplus			\$3,141,980	
SPED Costs			\$800,000	
			\$693,600	
Enrollment Growth			\$1.669.753	
Enrollment Growth Override funds			\$1,669,753 (\$37,500)	
Enrollment Growth			\$1,669,753 (\$37,500) \$428,123	
Enrollment Growth Override funds School Bus Program			(\$37,500)	

PERSONNEL BENEFITS	TOWN %	SCHOOL%	TOTAL INC	TOWN	SCHOOL
PERSONNEL BENEFITS PENSIONS - non-Free Cash	74.00%	26.00%	\$1,740,668	\$990.722	\$749.946
GROUP HEALTH	43.45%	56.55%	\$772,642	\$572,605	\$182,542
HEALTH REIMBURSEMENT ACCOUNT (HRA)	43.49%	56.51%	\$772,042	\$372,003	\$102,342
OPEB's (RETIREE HEA INS) - non-Free Cash	43.49%	56.51%	\$211,515	\$125,214	\$86.301
EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE	43.49%	60.00%	(\$28,000)	(\$11,200)	(\$16,800)
GROUP LIFE	100.00%	0.00%	(\$28,000) \$0	(\$11,200) \$0	(\$10,800)
DISABILITY INSURANCE		0.00%	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
WORKERS COMP - non-Free Cash	100.00%	0.0010	\$400,000	\$380,000	\$20,000
	95.00%	5.00%	,	,	,
PUBLIC SAFETY IOD MEDICAL EXPENSES - non-Free Cash	100.00%	0.00%	(\$200,000)	(\$200,000)	\$0
UNEMPLOYMENT - non-Free Cash	47.50%	52.50%	\$0	\$14,463	(\$14,463)
MEDICAL DISAB.	100.00%	0.00%	\$0	\$0	\$0
MEDICARE PAYROLL TAX	36.56%	63.44%	\$163,852	\$9,440	\$142,587
	TOTAL INCREASE		\$3,060,677	\$1,881,245	\$1,150,112
FY20 PERSONNEL BENEFITS	TOWN %	SCHOOL %	TOTAL	TOWN	SCHOOL
PENSIONS - non-Free Cash	74.000%	26.00%	\$24,615,433	\$18,215,420	\$6,400,013
GROUP HEALTH	43.45%	56.55%	\$31,518,881	\$13,705,377	\$17,813,504
HEALTH REIMBURSEMENT ACCOUNT (HRA)	43.49%	56.51%			
OPEB's (RETIREE HEA INS) - non-Free Cash	43.49%	56.51%	\$4,181,980	\$1,818,876	\$2,363,103
EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE	40.00%	60.00%	\$0	\$0	\$0
GROUP LIFE	100.00%	0.00%	\$145,000	\$145,000	\$0
DISABILITY INSURANCE	100.00%	0.00%	\$46,000	\$46,000	\$0
WORKERS COMP - non-Free Cash	95.00%	5.00%	\$1,850,000	\$1,757,500	\$92,500
PUBLIC SAFETY IOD MEDICAL EXPENSES - non-Free Cash	100.00%	0.00%	\$0	\$0	\$0
UNEMPLOYMENT - non-Free Cash	47.50%	52.50%	\$200,000	\$95,000	\$105,000
MEDICAL DISAB.	100.00%	0.00%	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$0
MEDICARE PAYROLL TAX	36.56%	63.44%	\$2,609,403	\$953,998	\$1,655,405
	TOTAL		\$65,206,696	\$36,777,171	\$28,429,525
FY19 PERSONNEL BENEFITS	TOWN %	SCHOOL%	TOTAL	TOWN	SCHOOL
PENSIONS - non-Free Cash	75.30%	24.70%	\$22,874,765	\$17,224,698	\$5,650,067
GROUP HEALTH	42.71%	57.34%	\$30,746,239	\$13,132,771	\$17,630,963
HEALTH REIMBURSEMENT ACCOUNT (HRA)	42.71%	57.34%	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB's (RETIREE HEA INS) - non-Free Cash	42.71%	57.34%	\$3,970,465	\$1,695,921	\$2,276,802
EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE	40.00%	60.00%	\$28,000	\$11,200	\$16,800
GROUP LIFE	100.00%	0.00%	\$145,000	\$145,000	\$0
DISABILITY INSURANCE	100.00%	0.00%	\$46,000	\$46,000	\$0
WORKERS COMP - non-Free Cash	95.00%	5.00%	\$1,450,000	\$1,377,500	\$72,500
PUBLIC SAFETY IOD MEDICAL EXPENSES - non-Free Cash	100.00%	0.00%	\$200,000	\$200,000	\$0
UNEMPLOYMENT - non-Free Cash	40.27%	59.73%	\$200,000	\$80,537	\$119,463
MEDICAL DISAB.	100.00%	0.00%	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$0
MEDICARE PAYROLL TAX	38.62%	61.86%	\$2,445,551	\$944,558	\$1,512,818
	TOTAL	2,310070	\$62,146,019	\$34.898.186	\$27,279,413
	TOTAL		402,110,017	437,070,100	441,417,TI3

This is how it operates

- Apply formula to levy growth, subtract revolving funds and fixed costs
- Adjustments needed for growth of certain expenditures each year, such as Refuse/Recycling, SPED, Enrollment
- Schools provide fixed costs such as building personnel and reimburse the Town (currently 75%)
- Net Surplus before bargaining and steps is where we can re-allocate

These are the challenges

- Enrollment growth and projections
- Unexpected or unanticipated costs
- Lack of public understanding of the TSP
- TSP promotes episodic conversations about finances